

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 14

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, Mar. 2, 1933

NUMBER 41

KRUSCHEN SALTS

THE NEW
GIANT SIZE

A Trial Jar with every Bottle

**BUY This GIANT 2 in 1
PACKAGE for 75c**

The Champion Pharmacy

Phone 9
Druggists & Chemists

Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCOES
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
ROOMS

Best Meals in Town Bread For Sale

Your Attention to Spring Requirements

Copper Carbonate per lb. 16c
Formaldehyde on hand next week

NAIL HAMMER
Big Value
60c

Crescent Pattern Wrench
10 inch, each. \$1.15

Dutch Shell Tractor Oil

Weight 40, 50 and 60 at competitive prices

Champion Spark Plugs, each. 75c

We carry a complete stock of Singlatroes, doubletroes, Collars, Sweet Pads, etc.

Farmer's Hardware

RES. PHONE 12 STORE PHONE 28



Champion Lodge
A.F. & A.M.
G.R.A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome.

J. A. LONG G. L. DEPUÉ
W. M. Secretary

DR. H. P. BARKER

Dental Surgeon

Graduate of Northwestern
Dental University Chicago

Savoy Hotel Champion

Every Thursday

Phone Hotel for Appointment

Herbert Cooper

Notary Public

Conveyancing

Real Estate

INSURANCE

In All Its Branches

Phone 60
Champion, Alberta

Dr. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON

In Champion Thursday

Fridays and Saturdays

To-night's the Night, Fri., Mar. 3 "The Nut Farm"

Telephone Bridge Makes Big Hit

A telephone bridge claiming Mrs. Clever, Mrs. Latiff and Mrs. Free as hostesses in town, Mrs. McRae, Mrs. Higgins and Mrs. Carlson in the east country, and Mrs. Gottenburg and Mrs. Oscar Sletto in the west country was held on Thursday evening February 23, under the auspices of the Royal Purple. About thirty-five tables of bridge were in play and the evening proved a source of immense pleasure to all who attended. The honors were shared by Mrs. R. D. Farries and Mr. J. Lobson both of town while the consolation went to Mrs. J. D. McDougall and Geo. Orr.

The hostess received congratulations on every hand for the success of the evening.

Good Turnout at Annual Meeting Community Hall

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of the above named company was held in hall on Saturday February 25, 1933. There was a fair attendance of shareholders at the meeting. The directors report financial statement and auditors were read and adopted.

Messrs J. M. Moffatt, G. F. Smith, Morgan Smith, E. G. Gill and H. E. Gill were elected as directors for the ensuing year.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, J. M. Moffatt was elected as president and H. E. Gill as managing director, and H. Cooper was appointed as secretary treasurer.

Anniversary Night Mon., April 17th

Arrangements are already underway for The Big Champion Community Hall Anniversary Night to be held on Easter Monday night, April 17th.

Speeches by prominent speakers. Programme by local artists. Dance and supper are all being arranged for.

Reserve this night for Champion, and watch for later announcements of this real big night.

Councillors Elected

The municipal election on Saturday resulted in the return of W. A. Fitzpatrick in Division 3, Bruce Roe in division 6 and A. Miller in division 1.

The result of the poll was as follows: Division 6—Bruce Roe elected by acclamation after the withdrawal of B. Bills.

Division 5—W. A. Fitzpatrick 47, H. J. Mannen 31.

Division 4—A. Miller 46; P. Patterson, 35.

Returns Home

Mrs. Beaubier returned Sunday evening from Balfour North Dakota, following Mr. Beaubier's funeral at that point on Friday February 24. Services were conducted by the Masonic Order of Balfour assisted by masons from Harvey, Minot and other adjoining towns, Mr. Beaubier being a charter member of the Harvey lodge. The funeral was attended by many old time friends of the late Mr. Beaubier and members of the O.E.S. Brother mason carried him to his final resting place in the Balfour cemetery. Mrs. Barker, who accompanied Mrs. Beaubier left for home in Flint Michigan after the ceremony.

Local and General

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Votey are Calgary visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Laidlaw of Cardston were Champion visitors Wednesday.

Mrs. M. Dawson of Edmonton is the house guest of Mrs. Beaubier this week.

Mrs. J. S. Collins is confined to her bed having undergone a minor operation.

Mrs. Racher and J. Long were Calgary visitors this week.

Miss Mary Zing was operated on in the Vulcan hospital this week for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Siegel have taken up residence in the home vacated by W. Harris.

The hockey dance held Friday evening February 24, although not largely attended was enjoyed by those present.

H. Galbraith was operated on recently in the Western Hospital and his condition is favorable.

Mrs. A. Ferguson is a patient in the Vulcan hospital and latest reports indicate that her condition is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Tutland, expert in permanent waving will be in Champion March 7 and 8. Special rate \$5.00. For further information call 32.

Mrs. J. M. Moffatt who has been a patient in the Holy Cross hospital Calgary for the past three weeks, returned to her home Monday.

Miss Doris Racher was operated on recently in the General hospital Calgary for appendicitis. Her condition is favorable.

The Champion rink was closed this week for the season due mainly to the fact that the dust at one of the next week practically destroyed the ice. Uncertain weather and the time of year made further operations unprofitable.

Card of Thanks

To those who gave me their support in the recent election, I extend my thanks, and during my term in office it is my desire to fulfill all obligations to the best of my ability.

A. J. MILLER

What Happened?

Ferris Bouzyan returned Wednesday from Medicine Hat, where he played with the Stately Begins in the hockey play off for the Morgan Cup. Two games were played, the first game ending in a tie 3-3, the second game resulting in a win for Medicine Hat 1-1.

K. R. McLean, R.O. of McLean, & Anderson, Sight Specialist of 224 8th Ave West, Calgary, will make his monthly visit to Champion, Friday, March 24th at the Drug Store.

Champion United Church.

Rev. Peter Dawson, Minister

Sunday, March 5th

Busson Morning Worship, 11:30 a.m.

Yetwood Divine Service, 3:30 p.m.

Champion Sunday School, 11:00 a.m.

Champion Evening Worship at 7:30

Subject, "Be not Afraid."

HERBERT J. MABER

LEGISLATIVE BARRISTER, NOTARY

VULCAN

At U. S. Alexander's office

every Thursday

Long Louie Cafe

For Eighteen Years the Leading Restaurant in Champion.

With the completion of recent improvements, including repainting and decorating, we are in a better position than ever to cater to farmers and others during the busy season.

As it has been in the past so Long Louie's

Will continue in the future to be

The Best Place in Town to Eat

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream on the Year Round, etc.

THE NUT FARM

Friday, March 3rd



EZRA BLISCOMB

Don't Fail to See This
BIG SHOW

CHAMPION Theatre

Wed., Mar. 8th

Lookie Here
"Million Dollar Legs"

WITH—

JACK OAKIE
ANDY CLYDE
BEN TURPIN

A fortune in fun, frolic and foolishness! With Hollywood's funniest people in the screwiest laughing picture ever made! A brand new idea—timely as tomorrow's headlines, and guaranteed to please. Okay, Oakie!

Including a closeup of The Los Angeles Olympic Games.

COMING

"My Pal The King"

Wed., Mar. 8th

Aviation Problems

Subject For Debate Before Interested Audience in London

Four days after the 50th anniversary of its foundation the Royal Aeronautical Society, which is the oldest organization devoted to aerial matters in the world, held the first debate in its history. A crowded audience in a London lecture hall listened for two hours to some of the leading men in British aviation as they spoke on various aspects of official control of flying, control around the motion before the assembly that civil aviation differs from military aviation and should be treated accordingly.

C. R. Faurey, president of the society, stressed the innovation on the grounds the motion touched on matters of vital import to the future of British flying. General E. E. Kelly, new chairman of the Air League, answered emphatically those who believed the air weapon was of all means of warfare the most cruel. He cited the terrible effects of blockade as practiced against the central powers in the last great war as proof that the air was more than properly employed, was more humane than some other means of forcing an enemy to sue for peace.

Members of the House of Commons, notably Capt. H. H. Balfour, deplored the ignorance of aviation that marked the "mother of parliament" as the present day, and the entire absence of interest displayed by the majority of politicians in one of the most significant questions of the 20th century. Harding Page, pioneer aircraft constructor and airline operator, had much to say about the extraordinary work being done in Europe of the present system of air transport subsidies. He urged the pseudo-military systems, masquerading under the guise of civilian, and believes inauguration of the color protection will go a long way in saving foods. Coe reported that food exposed in clear glass containers spoiled most quickly, that yellowish or bluish green failed to protect.

The green must be of the chlorophyll hue, scientifically described as the portion of the spectrum lying between 4,500 and 5,500 angstrom units. The established protection applies to oil-bearing fields, but Coe is engaging experimentation to ascertain if other colors will guard the sweetness and purity of non-oil bearing foods.

The green protective principle applies to butter, salad oil, fat, pecans, cashew nuts, potato chips, mayonnaise, whole wheat flour, cornmeal, many bakery products and foods containing some quantity of oil. Sunlight hastens the photo-chemical decomposition of oil. Experiments have shown, Coe said, that ultra-violet and infra-red rays cause quick decomposition of certain foods.

England and Holland were showing the way to real commercial exploitation of the aeroplane. The sonar of all the world's air liners are run on a similar basis, the better for aviation, he declared.

Physician Takes To Air

Oklahoma Doctor Looks After Patients In Five States

Mangum, Oklahoma, boasts of a physician who has a unique method of carrying on his medical practice. Dr. G. Fowler Bender virtually has taken his practice "up in the air," and estimates he travels approximately 50,000 miles by aeroplane yearly caring for his patients.

Dr. Bender, in his "air ambulance," a four-cabin monoplane, administers to patients in five states—Oklahoma, Texas, Arkansas, Kansas and Louisiana.

A Perfect Landlord

New York Man Carrying Tenants Until Times Improve

Michael Sypiewski is the perfect landlord. He returned to his home in New York, which was to pay him for back rent from tenants who have become chargees of the city.

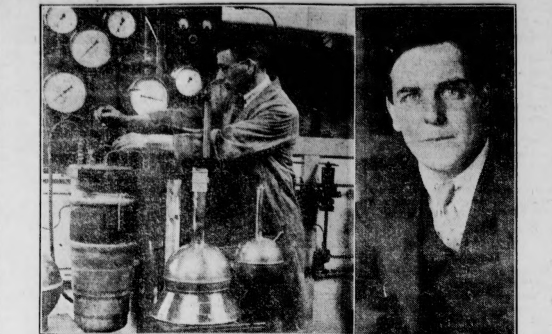
Sypiewski returned the cheque, saying that as all his tenants were honest and had been living in his house long enough to own it he would carry them along until times got better.

During a carnival in the Southern States a Senator rode a jack-up the steps of the state capital. Arithmetic calculation assures us that one and one make two.

Rhode Island bend, creeping bent, and Canadian bluegrass are the best grasses to plant in shady places.

W. N. O. 1933

BALDWIN OPENS A WONDER LABORATORY AT CAMBRIDGE



A wonder laboratory for research work was opened by the Right Hon. Stanley Baldwin at Cambridge this month which contains apparatus which will split the atom on a scale unknown before. The building is the new Ludwig Mond Laboratory, where the Russian scientist, Professor Kapitza (right), will carry on his atomic research. The photo on the left shows part of the laboratory in which can be seen a hydrogen liquefier for making liquid temperature minus 253 centigrade.

Color Protection For Foods

Green Is Most Useful With Black As Second Best

The department of agriculture has publicly patented the discovery that oil-bearing foods are best protected from the sun's rays by glass green or black. The discovery was based on the findings of Mayne H. Coe, a young chemist, who ascertained that green is the most desirable for food protection from rancidity, and black is a second best.

Approximately \$1,000,000 worth of food spoils annually in the United States the department finds, and believes inauguration of the color protection will go a long way in saving foods. Coe reported that food exposed in clear glass containers spoiled most quickly, that yellowish or bluish green failed to protect.

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Ex-Kaiser Has Mascot

Sachet One Belonged To King William Of Prussia

The ex-Kaiser still keeps, it is said, the mascot which was given by a little girl to King William of Prussia on the eve of the battle of Sedan in 1870. It is a sachet containing what once was a sprig of four-leaved clover. After the defeat of the French the King returned the mascot to the child with the wish that it should bring her as much luck as it had brought him; but years after the ex-Kaiser carried it back and during the war carried it everywhere, it is said.

Shorten Length Of River

Engineers Have Cut Ten Miles Off The Mississippi

Ten miles was clipped off the length of the Mississippi River when government engineers, using tons of dynamite, blasted a hole into the embankment at Diamond Point, south of Natchez, and allowed the river to flow into a new channel. It took two dredges working in opposite directions nearly three months to cut the channel through the point and the dynamite did the rest.

An organization of nature-lovers is asking Congress to pick a national tree. Without wishing to prejudice the thing, we'd say off-hand that the plum appeals most strongly to the chosen representatives of the people.

Mother—"What made you stay so late. Have a fat tire?" Daughter ("dreamily")—"No, mother, I'd hardly call him fat."

No living species of birds have teeth.

An airplane of 100 horse-power costs between \$2,500 and \$10,000.

Ancient Egyptian Brewers

Papyrus Shows Life As It Was 2,000 Years Ago

Even as United States legislators of the present and those of Canada in the not too distant past, governments had their problems in regulating the beer business back in 284 B.C. From ancient Papyrus, some of them filled with worm holes, researchers at Columbia university are evoking a picture of life as it was 2,000 years ago.

One group of the documents shows that in ancient Egypt brewing was under government regulation. The state furnished a given amount of barley each day to the brewers and demanded a certain amount of beer in return. A letter written by Apollonius, Ptolemy's treasurer, on May 21, 284 B.C., takes a brewer over the coal for furnishing the government beer from only 11 bushels of barley instead of the 12 bushels he had contracted to make into beer.

Prepare For 1933 Crop

To Be No Deliberate Cut In Average On Western Farms

While some members of agrarian bodies in the three prairie provinces favor curtailment of wheat planting this spring, there will be no deliberate policy of acreage reduction, farmer leaders believe.

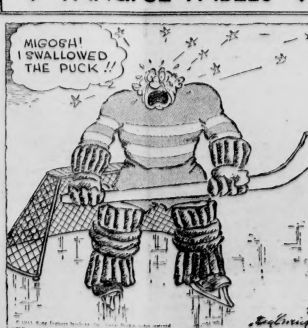
At annual conventions the farm organizations have gone on record as favoring an international conference of chief wheat exporting countries with a view to working out some step along. Reduction of wheat output in the Dominion might cause loss of export markets.

A Very Old Port

Southampton has been an important trading center for the interchange of British and foreign goods ever since the days of the Phoenicians and Ancient Greeks 1,200 years ago. Today 170,000,000 tons of shipping enter the docks annually.

"It is time baby was christened." "Yes, your reverence; but we don't know for certain which of his uncle's names he should have."

FANCIFUL FABLES



Trapper Reports Furs Scarce

Catch In Fort Reliance Area Mostly White Fox

Contrary to most reports this year from the Northwest Territories, furs and around Fort Reliance are plentiful, according to A. E. McFarland, a trapper who was forced to return to civilization by illness. He arrived in Edmonton on the N.W.R. train from McMurtry after an aeroplane flight from Fort Reliance with Canadian Airways' pilot.

McFarland, who has been trapping in the north for the last seven years, reported the midwest winter in the Fort Reliance area since he has been there. Wards have been exceptionally strong, however. The catch has been mostly white fox this year, he stated.

Last October he saw huge caribou herds ranging in number from 10,000 to 40,000 animals.

"People down here would never believe how large these herds are," he said. "I got within half a mile of them and it was a sight worth the long trip to a film producer," he exclaimed.

"The average trapper in the Northwest Territories is continually in debt. Once he gets up there it is hard to make enough money to make the expensive trip out again," he stated.

McFarland was taken ill and was brought into Fort Reliance by a neighboring trapper, from his cabin 120 miles east of the fort on the headquarters of the Thelon River.

He was taken care of by the R.C.M.P. Patrol to Fort Resolution and on to McMurtry by aeroplane.

Use Of Narcotics

Alberta May Take Matter Up With Federal House To Check Evil

Action to check the illegal use of narcotics in Alberta will be taken up with the Federal authorities, according to statements made in the legislature by Hon. George Howland, Minister of Agriculture.

At the time, the minister was speaking of investigations of the reported prevalence of doping or drug use in horse racing in Alberta, about which inquiries had been made in the House last year by Col. F. E. Jamieson, Conservative, Edmonton, and J. J. Bowlin, Liberal, Calgary.

Referring to the question, Hon. Mr. Howland said it was one of supreme importance, particularly from the viewpoint of the dangers if the drug ever got into the hands of people to be used indiscriminately. It was a matter which would be taken up with the authorities in Ottawa he declared.

To meet the problem of the growing population and resultant congestion in the cities, the institutions in the province, the government proposes to make use of one of the agricultural schools, it was stated by the minister.

It is required that the school should be a chronic female cases in mental institutions and it is these which it proposes to place in one of the agricultural schools.

As capital expenditures were scarce in these times, the school would serve as a stop gap and it was hoped that the House would approve the scheme, he said.

Moslem Pilgrims Use Cars

Machines Have Replaced Camels Caravans To Large Degree

The camel has at last been affected by the machine age.

Moslem pilgrims who cross the Arabian Desert to the holy city of Mecca, near the famed Red Sea, now use the automobile to a large degree instead of the camel, according to the commerce department.

Camel caravans were formerly employed exclusively to transport the Arab caravans from Egypt, Syria, Iraq and other parts of the Moslem world to the place of pilgrimage.

Hard-surfaced roads have replaced caravan routes.

Had His Sympathy

Years ago, a young lawyer, M. H. Aylesworth, now president of the National Broadcasting Co., was defending a western farmer against some bankers who held an onerous mortgage against Aylesworth's client, on which they were trying to foreclose.

The farmer lost, and when informed he would have to give up his farm, burst into tears.

"Don't cry, please," one of the bankers said sympathetically, patting the farmer's shoulder. "Everything will come out all right."

"I'm not crying for myself," the farmer sobbed. "I'm crying when I think of my bankers going into the farming business."

It has just been discovered that in 1816 London had a baby clinic where mothers could take their children and receive advice.

Garden Notes

Developing the Vegetable Garden To Its Full Possibility

(By Gordon Lindsay Smith)

In the Old Country a vegetable calendar, like the one hung on the wall, includes every month in the year. In other words, the man across the Atlantic expects a continuous supply from his vegetable patch. How different is the case here where the man in the city is content to eat what he can have now potatoes ready by early July, and corn and tomatoes by the middle of August. There is nothing much between the best of the best of June, nor after mid-September; that is, if we except some potatoes and, possibly a pumpkin or two put away for winter use.

But while we are not favoured with a very long growing season, it is true, we have compensation in hotter sunshine and longer hours of daylight which permit us to grow many things that Britain, for instance, must import, and if we take full advantage of the long days of vegetables we can grow, our calendar might be extended almost the year round. In the winter, besides enjoying our own catch, we can get up there it is hard to make enough money to make the expensive trip out again," he stated.

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Magistrate—"The traffic policeman says you got sarcastic with him."

Mr. Nagger—"But I didn't mind to be. He talked to me like my lady does, and I forgot myself and answered. 'Yes, my dear!'"

Radio fans of Germany are demanding more political news from foreign countries and more non-partisan local political reviews.

Economical farmers in Argentina are rebuilding old stationary threshers for use this season.

Excels in Quality and Flavour



"Fresh from the Gardens"

A Scheme To Raise Prices.

The tremendous decline in prices of all primary products in Canada, in common with similar declines throughout the world; the huge accumulation of unsettled war and other debts; the unparalleled restrictions imposed by nearly all nations upon imports from other nations; the break-down of the gold standard and the resultant upsetting of exchange rates between countries; the stupendous number of unemployed throughout the world; and the loss or purchasing power by practically everybody as a result of these economic disasters and disabilities, have led to making of all kinds of proposals designed to remedy, either temporary or permanently, the situation in which mankind is now flourishing.

Many of the suggestions advanced are hopelessly impracticable; some utterly fantastic; and not a few of the so-called remedies would only serve to intensify the disease rather than ameliorate or cure it. Unfortunately, the distress occasioned by the present world economic situation is so great, and people are so much at a loss in seeing any way out of their difficulties, that early solution to their problems, that thousands of them are in a state of mind where they are prepared to grasp at any straw, and the more alluring the promises made in support of any scheme, the greater the danger of people "falling for" something which later on they would bitterly regret.

Included in the suggestions being advanced are numerous forms of "inflation" of money. Some advocate the printing by the Government of tens, even hundreds, of millions of paper money without any reserve of any value held against them. Others demand that steps be taken to bring the Canadian dollar to a parity with the British pound sterling. In scores of communities the issue of local scrip is strongly supported as a means of putting more money into circulation, speeding up business, and the payment of debts, and as a means of raising prices of primary products. Some extremists advocate the repudiation of existing debt.

Despite the allures of their present situation, we believe the overwhelming majority of the Canadian people do not look upon repudiation of debt with favor; rather they are willing to pay their debts and are anxious to do so, and only want to be placed in a position where they can pay. They feel they can pay their debts in the future, as they did in the past. If they could only obtain a fair price for their products above the cost of production, or steady work at a fair wage.

Because we are convinced such is the attitude of the average man, we are interested in the plan of C. H. Burnell, president of the United Farmers of Manitoba, as recently outlined by him in the press. Mr. Burnell proposes what he calls the Collective Produce Clearing Association, and, in brief, his plan is this:

A farmer producer brings, say a can of cream to a dairy for which he receives a cash ticket for 50 cents. Instead of cashing that ticket, he takes it to the Collective Produce Clearing Association and exchanges it for a Bond of \$1.00. He buys a C.P.C.A. 4-cent stamp which he affixes to the Bond, entitles him to a 4 per cent discount on the price of the goods he buys. He falls on any purchases he may make. The merchant to whom he pays it then adds another 4-cent C.P.C.A. stamp, endorses the Bond in turn, and pays it to someone else, who follows that procedure, until that Bond has fourteen 4-cent stamps, or the equivalent of 56 cents in all, when the Bank will cash it and charge it against the account of the Collective Produce Clearing Association.

What has happened is this: The farmer producer received 50 cents, instead of 50 cents, for his can of cream. His purchasing power was nearly doubled. Each of the other thirteen people who received the Bond and added a 4-cent stamp actually gave a 4 per cent discount on the price of their goods or services. The C.P.C.A. got the original 50-cent cash ticket from the farmer and the 56 cents paid to it for stamps, or \$1.06, consequently its account at the bank was good for \$1.00 when the Bond was finally presented for payment.

Unquestionably, this is a form of inflation, but there was 50 per cent cash back of every Bond issued. The 4 cents paid by each handler of the Bond some may argue was in the nature of a sales tax. May it not be even more fairly be called a 4 per cent discount? And who in three days would not willingly grant a 4 per cent discount if the volume of business could be practically doubled? As fast as these Produce Bonds were turned over fourteen times, and then cashed, one dollar of money would be placed in general circulation instead of only fifty cents had the farmer cashed his original cream check.

As Mr. Burnell points out, farm produce would flow to market as usual without interfering with prices which are set on an export basis. It would, he further adds, have effect of feeding the unemployed thrice, but many of these would be absorbed by the greater volume of business which would result.

It is not argued that the scheme is perfect, nor that it is a permanent solution of existing difficulties. It is admitted that it may be considered somewhat cumbersome, but, so too, is the present situation. There may be other criticisms, but Mr. Burnell's plan certainly overcomes many of the objections properly advanced against the usual issue of scrip plan.

One seeming weakness does suggest itself, but it is a detail and does not affect the principle of the scheme. That is, whether the margin of six cents on the dollar, which is all the profit the C.P.C.A. would receive, would be sufficient to cover the costs of operation, including printing of Bonds, stamps, distribution of same to all centres, and the handling of an exchange of the C.P.C.A. in each country town which it is proposed should be done. However, if a 4-cent stamp on each turnover of a \$1.00 Bond was not sufficient for the purpose, a 5-cent stamp, or a 5 per cent discount instead of four, would no doubt prove more than sufficient.

Mr. Burnell's plan is certainly deserving of further consideration and study by farmers, merchants, and, in fact, everybody because one and all are anxious to find some relief, even of a temporary character, from the impasse into which all have been brought and from which all are seeking a way of escape.

London has a new "Black Hand gang."

Black horses are affected by heat more than those of any other color.

Commodity prices in Finland are increasing.

There are 701.3 persons per square mile in England.

Was So Short of Breath Could Not Lie Down to Sleep



Mrs. P. J. Cherrish, Sherbrooke, Q.C., writes: "I have been so troubled with shortness of breath I could not lie down to sleep. I couldn't do any hard work, or climb the stairs, and had nervous and sickening feelings, and became very weak."

I tried all kinds of medicine, but could get no relief until after I had taken three boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and since then I have felt better in every way."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que.

Abolition Of Poverty

American Investigator Has Cheery Word For The Future

W. F. Ogburn, who is Director of the Research Committee of Social Trends which has been set up by the United States Government has a cheery word for the future. He sees ahead, when the clouds have rolled away, that strides will be made towards the abolition of poverty. There are four factors he thinks that determine the standard of living—population, natural resources, technology and economic organization.

"If the population is kept small," he argues, "that will be a great help in raising the standard of living. If the nation will plan the utilization of its oil, coal and other natural resources, eliminating the prodigious wastes of present-day organization, natural resources will be abundant for many years to come, and rising costs may be postponed."

"New inventions and new machines will be a great aid to raising the standard of living, the technocrats to the contrary notwithstanding, although they do for a time take jobs away from many men. Advancing technology will do far more to give us all more of the good things of life than any redistribution of wealth. The greatest difficulty to be overcome in raising the level of living is the human organization, which has many serious weaknesses, but which is in any danger of collapse. There is, therefore, there is another big war or a revolution."

—Winnipeg Free Press.

Polarograph Is New Device

Instrument Has Been Perfected Which Analyzes Any Substance

The polarograph, a new instrument for chemical analysis, has been perfected. It is a small, portable, liquid or solid, which, by the mere pressing of an electric switch, automatically registers on a paper in four or five minutes both the kind and the amount of chemical substances present, was described at New York by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

Among the many uses for the new instrument, it was explained, is an almost instantaneous analysis of the contents and quality of all alcoholic liquors, which at present takes considerable time and expense. By the pressing of the button the polarograph will, at once, draw tell-tale curves on the paper which will tell exactly the kind of alcohol the liquor contains as well as the percentage.

Mongolian-Japanese Dictionary Completed

Is First Of Its Kind and Contains 2,000 Pages

After 10 years of work, Major Kenji Shinomura of the Japanese War Office has completed a Mongolian-Japanese dictionary, the first of its kind, which will be published shortly by the army. It is a book of 2,000 pages.

The dictionary has given close attention to the study of foreign languages and has in its language school experts on nearly all tongues. Major Shinomura has specialized in Chinese, Chinese dialects, Manchu and Tibetan. He had to design special type to reproduce the intricate Mongolian characters appearing in his dictionary.

The Next Metal Age

Aluminum Will Be Widely Used Says American Professor

Civilization's next metal age will be that of aluminum. Prof. C. G. Pink tells the American Institute of Electrical Engineers radical changes will come to the basic industries in 10 years through applying electricity to chemical processes. Aluminum is a chief product. Aluminum trains will roll along at 100 miles an hour; aluminum steamships will zip across the Atlantic; airplanes will fly; planes will drop weight and gather speed; skyscrapers will revolutionize with aluminum floors and glass walls. This is his new. It ought even to tickle technocracy out of its sleepiness. —Christian Science Monitor.

Small Wonder

A guest despatch from Galt, Ontario, states that seventy guests at a Burns banquet were made ill by lemonade served there. Lemonade as a Burns banquet! Shades of the immortal poet! No wonder the guests were ill.

"Fruit" Hardly Right

The St. Thomas Times-Journal describes Canadian-made cod liver oil as "one of the fruits of the Imperial Conference." This Collyum can only say that anyone who thinks cod liver oil is a fruit should take it as a punishment says the Toronto Star.

W. N. U. 1933

Keep fit!
Headache, heavy depression, banish them all by keeping your system clean!
E.N.O.'S FRUIT SALT
Take Eno every morning.

Colloidal Fuel Is New

Canada Coal Can Be Used For It Says Ottawa Engineer

Of great interest to Canadian coal producers is the announcement of William Burrip, prominent Ottawa engineer, that Canadian coal may be used as the basis of a newly invented oil—colloidal fuel. A friend of Mr. Burrip, Stephen L. Wyndham, is the inventor, and Mr. Burrip, who has recently in Cardiff, Wales, has seen the invention demonstrated.

It has been a dream for years to invent a fuel by mixing coal with oil and getting a fluid mixture in which the coal would not settle down to the bottom. Mr. Burrip announced the invention has succeeded in producing samples of colloidal fuel—a combination of coal and oil—in stable mixtures varying from 60 per cent coal and 40 per cent oil to 80 per cent coal and 20 per cent oil. In his announcement Mr. Burrip says the intriguing feature to Canada is that the fuel will be cheaper than oil and can be produced from Canadian coal. Even the oil used in the mixture, he says, can be replaced by coal and oil derived from the distillation of the coal. He predicts its use in power plants requiring intense heat with feasibility of oil.

"The value to the Canadian oil industry should be very marked," he says in stating the fuel could be used for oil-burning furnaces in the home. In reporting the result of the various tests he witnessed recently before the South Wales Institute of Engineers, of which he is a member, he adds: "No one was prepared to witness the intense white glare given off by the burning colloidal fuel, against which the flames from the best quality oil appeared yellow and smoky, both burnt under exactly the same conditions."

Precious experiments have failed because the coal has sunk to the bottom of the mixture. Wyndham has added what is called a "stabilizer." During the process of manufacture, he says, the coal is ground to a fine, coarse-textured coal to a particle, which adheres to it even at high temperatures.

The fuel now has given close attention to the study of foreign languages and has in its language school experts on nearly all tongues. Major Shinomura has specialized in Chinese, Chinese dialects, Manchu and Tibetan. He had to design special type to reproduce the intricate Mongolian characters appearing in his dictionary.

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The Instinct Of Birds

Is Just Acute Sense Of Sight and Hearing

The mystery of how migrating birds find their way unerringly to their destination will probably be dispelled by further field observations, it is predicted.

Repeated observations of the behavior of migrating birds have convinced Prof. Patten of Sheffield University, that they are not guided by any "special sense" but that they find their way by watching their surroundings and by probing from experience.

"Birds possess an 'eye-brain,'" he says. "Their sense of vision is extraordinarily acute and by no means indiscriminating. It seems unreasonable to brush aside the idea that migrants may obtain guidance by taking stock of landmarks. Furthermore, the sense of hearing can play a part. The wash of the waves is a reminder to tug the coast, the guide-line of primary importance. The courses of great rivers are followed by overland migrants."

"Birds land together for the trip, thus giving the untraveled young an opportunity to be guided over the route by adults who have already been over the ground."

"In thick weather migrating birds often go astray, and, arriving at unaccustomed haunts are classified rare and accidental vagrants. When the gloom deepens the voyagers become sorely handicapped, while a dense and prolonged fog will put the brakes effectively on migration."

Fewer Sea Fish Caught

Fishermen Curtail Efforts Last Year Because Market Was Poor

Excellent reasons for eating Canadian fish are that fish are nourishing and health-making foods, and that Canadian fish are unexcelled in quality. We call attention to these facts in the hope that people will eat more fish and thus assist the fishermen to make a better living.

The Fisheries News Bulletin, issued by the Department of Fisheries, O.C., states that exclusive catches from one or two minor fisheries, the landings from Canada's sea fishing operations in 1932, as shown by condensed statistics, totalled approximately 7,120,000 hundredweights. This total was smaller than the sea fisheries catch for 1931 because of economic unsettlement continuing throughout the world during 1932.

The fishermen curtailed their fishing effort. The reduction in landings reflects market disturbance. Plenty more fish could have been taken from the Dominion sea fisheries resources. The market situation had warranted greater catching efforts.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Ban Is Lifted

Freight May Now Be Shipped To Churchill Without Permit

Further indications of the opening of Churchill to the public this year is seen in the recent ruling on the Hudson Bay railway to the effect that freight may now be shipped to Churchill without a permit.

A similar ruling applies to passenger traffic. Since the steel reached Churchill in March, 1929, it has been necessary to have a permit to enter the port or ship goods to the sea. This ruling was the subject of much criticism, among traders and others who had business in the far north. Last year the road was open to the public as far as Glim Mill 237. Permits were required from that point to sea.

The new ruling lifting the permit ban came without publicity or advertising. Rail-traders say that it was the desire not to "encourage a trek in the direction of the new port while the towmate lacked facilities for handling trans-shipment traffic."

Colorful Rubber Dishes

Pale plastic crepe rubber, said to be odorless and tasteless, is being used to make plates and tumblers at Akron, Ohio. The new "unbreakables" are being made in brilliant and artistic colors, and they are expected to displace the old blue porcelain, the decorated china and the glass and paper utensils for general use. The rubber can be colored with any desired pigment.

A Gigantic Apple

Corvelia, Georgia, has a replica of an apple in steel and concrete, 22 feet in diameter, and is now on display in its public square. The "apple" weighs 5,000 pounds and is mounted on a base eight feet in height.

Australia expects bumper 1933 crops.

Friends..



Roll your owners... Countrymen!

Lend us your ear! Ogdens' Fine Cut cigarette tobacco is just right to "roll your own." It measures up in every way to a man's notion of what a cigarette tobacco ought to be!

Easier to roll for one thing. And a far better cigarette when the rolling is done and you light it up. Yes, sir. You'll like Ogdens' Fine Cut. It gives you the combination you're looking for in cigarette tobacco... fragrance... sweetness... and a touch of something that's worth a cheer any day!

P.S.—Free "Chanticleer" cigarette papers with every package.

OGDEN'S FINE CUT

Your pipe knows Ogdens' Cut Pipe

Brevity In Speech

Ontario Judge Thinks Half Hour Address Long Enough

Much may be said for the statement made by Judge Hawley, who when questioned by a reporter recently in Bowmanville, Ontario, as to the reason that he only spoke for 30 minutes at the Women's Institute Club. Judge Mott said that any man should be able to express all he has to say in 30 minutes and if he could not, then he should not rise to speak. Some men are notoriously long-winded in an address, so long-winded in fact, that by the time they have concluded their talk the audience are ten to one that the audience have completely forgotten the first part of his remarks.

Saskatchewan Power

Commission Shows a Deficit Of \$50,970 For Year 1932

Despite an operating profit of \$132,217 for the year 1932, the balance sheet of the Saskatchewan power commission showed a deficit of \$50,970, when provision was made for depreciation charges, according to the annual report tabled in the legislature by Hon. J. H. Merkle, Minister in charge.

The report indicated that no new undertakings nor extensions had been embarked upon by the commission in 1932, the second year in which the activities of the commission have been confined almost solely to operation of existing systems.

The output of gold from the placer deposits of the Yukon territory in 1932 had a value of \$900,000. In 1930, the greatest year of the Klondike gold production, the output was valued at over \$2,500,000.

for RHEUMATISM
Foot Mineral is a warm disk. Roll mineral gently in the affected area in a clockwise direction - and soon you'll get relief!

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

REPEAL MEASURE IS GIVEN A SIX MONTHS HOIST

Ottawa, Ont.—Section 85 stays in the criminal code as a bulwark against Communism, the House of Commons decided, with every Conservative and six French-speaking Liberals against it, the Woodworth repeal resolution was given the six months hoist 89 to 45—just another parliamentary way of deferring it.

Not even a last minute appeal from James S. Woodworth, leader of the Co-Operative Commonwealth Federation, sponsor of the repeal motion, could stem the tide. The slender, bearded Labor leader, at one time a minister of the gospel, said he was not advocating force or violence, but was attempting to remove violent and oppressive legislation from the statute book.

"I am opposed to force. I have never advocated it," said Mr. Woodworth, punctuating his words by pounding on his desk. And with at most a smile of disdain on his face he announced he was not a Communist—on the contrary he was an avowed enemy of Bolshevism.

At the same time he belittled efforts by Conservatives to prove he was in league with Moscow and asked them to discontinue personal attacks on himself and reply to his arguments.

The eight Toronto Communists now serving time in Portsmouth penitentiary after convictions under section 89, received more than passing reference by the Communists' leader. These men, he said, were not convicted of advocating violence to overthrow constituted authority, but only with belonging to a Communist organization which, in turn, was affiliated with Moscow organizations which advocated violence. It was proper to combat Communism and I had wanted to do it through lawful means."

Debate on the Woodworth resolution had been progressing over a week. Hon. Hugh Macpherson, Minister of Justice, moved the six months' hoist which in effect meant defeat of the resolution. Section 85 states that the Dominion authorities wield power to combat those who advocate force and violence, dealing specifically with sedition and unlawful organizations.

A Strange Paradox

Banks of France Glutted With Gold While Struggling With Depression

Paris, France.—France presents the world's great paradox. Her banks and vaults are glutted with gold and she is struggling to make both ends meet.

The senate has voted one month's interim supply. It has approved the 5 per cent cut in civil services salaries over 9,000 francs, and it has reduced parliamentary indemnities by 10 per cent. But the government has bounced on the principle of not reducing military credits.

For a time, therefore, the financial struggle passed on to the Upper House. But throughout the country uneasiness grows. On the billboards are non-marchant manifestos from Duc de Guise—France's claimant king in exile—who flank workers' appeals for a united front.

The newspapers ring with a stentorian cry for more economy. On the heels of a strange pickpocket strike, shopkeepers in the provincial towns are closing in protest against higher taxes.

The taxpayers' federation has appealed to the consumers to line up with the shopkeepers and protest a "cost of living" cut not increasing while income and salaries are falling.

Chambers of commerce up and down the country are resolving for economy and for equality in taxation. And linked with this struggle for finance is the disquiet over what is considered a growing menace to peace across the Rhine.

The government is reported to have a wide army reorganization scheme under review. The plan is to strengthen still further the line of concrete and steel with which France protects her eastern frontier.

Divisions are now scattered throughout the country, but these will be massed near the frontier.

Jap Nationals In Danger
Tokyo, Japan.—A government spokesman said there was "real danger" Japan would be compelled to take steps to protect Japanese nationals in Peking. Japan was said to be endangered by the impending military campaign to conquer the province of Jehol, to the north.

British Trade Improves

Not Only Recovering, But Shaping a New Britain

London, Eng.—The United Kingdom imported more from the dominions during 1932 than ever before and its exports to empire countries also increased in the same period. Commenting on these trade statistics, published here, Leslie Horsburgh, financial secretary to the Treasury, declared in a London speech, "we are not only recovering but are shaping Britain anew."

A general improvement in British trade statistics which show the debt balance fell last year from £104,000,000 in 1931 to £50,000,000 in 1932 and that the adverse trade balance for the same period was reduced from £408,000,000 to £280,000,000, is noted in the statistics.

After receding figures which testified to increased trade in several departments, Mr. Horsburgh proclaimed the trend "one of the most miraculous rehabilitations ever recorded in British history."

"If we had the same inevitable recedings as we had in 1931 we should actually be £15,000,000 on the right side," he continued. "We imported less food and more raw material and exported more manufactured goods in 1932 than in 1931."

Returning Arms To Italy

Austrian Government Sending Back Rifles and Machine Guns

Vienna.—The Austrian government will speed the return to Italy of 50,000 rifles and 200 machine guns over which an international situation occurred, Chancellor Engelbert Dollfuss has announced.

He said, however, the government will not comply with the "drastic conditions" of an Anglo-France note demanding the return of the destruction of arms recently shipped into Austria from Italy.

The chancellor said he did not plan to make any formal reply to the note, which suggested the transportation of the arms violated the St. Germain treaty.

He contended there had been no violation of the treaty.

Nevertheless, he continued, the Austrian government will speed the return as far as possible the completion of the "repair" of the weapons shipped from Italy. Italy is now willing to have the arms sent back as soon as possible.

Barter Plans

Now Prepared To Conduct Trade Without Financial Guarantee

Calgary, Alberta.—Bona fide satisfactory to the Federal Government to conduct the trade without financial guarantee the syndicate sponsoring the bartering of Canadian livestock for oil and coal from Soviet Russia is now prepared to conduct the trade without financial guarantee from the Canadian government.

Under the declaration of G. G. Serkan, head of the syndicate, in a telegram to the annual convention of the Western Livestock Union here, the Canadian government will record in support of the barter plan and urged immediate completion of details.

Mr. Serkan's telegram said the only assurance now required was that valuations in customs regulations differential to Soviet products, would not be placed against them during the life of the agreement. The convention by resolution asked that this assurance be given.

Japs Press Forward

Railway Line In Manchuria Has Been Seized

Chinkow, Manchuria.—The entire Chinkow-Chiao railway was in the hands of the Japanese army, and in the Peipiao terminus they were provided with an excellent railway jumping-off place for their drive to clear the Chinese forces out of the province of Jehol.

When General Yoshinichi Suzuki's troops marched into Peipiao they found the city deserted. The railroad tunnel from Nanjing, a few miles to the east, had been damaged by the Chinese, who also attempted to blow up a bridge to check the Japanese advance.

From Peipiao the Japanese will move across the province to the city of Jehol. Thus far, according to army sources, the operations have been merely preliminary to the major offensive.

To Carry On

New York.—President-Elect Roosevelt has named Norman H. Davis to continue as head of the United States armament delegation, and gave him orders to carry on the present American policy in this respect.

Inquiry Into Spread Between Milk Prices

Premier Bennett Gives Notice Of Motion In House

Ottawa, Ont.—Premier R. B. Bennett has given notice he will move in the House of Commons to empower the agricultural committee to inquire into the spread between milk prices in Canada. He would instruct the committee "to ascertain the facts connected with the spread between collection, manufacture, distribution and marketing of milk and milk products throughout the Dominion of Canada, with power to examine and inquire into all aspects of the question and report their findings to the House."

Assessment Is Cut

Value of Tax \$500,000 From Taxation On C.N. Property

Vancouver, B.C.—Civic assessment on the uncompleted Canadian National hotel was dropped \$500,000 to \$2,000,000 by the city council sitting as a court of revision.

Valuation on the Canadian National headquarters built at the foot of Main Street was reduced at the same time from \$800,000 to \$750,000.

All in the city of Vancouver re-implemented this year on an \$500,000 worth of improvements owned by the Canadian National Railways.

NOW LOOKING FOR RECIPROCAL TRADE WITH U.S.

Ottawa, Ont.—Early initiation of negotiations with the United States looking to a reciprocal trade agreement are favored by the Liberal party. At a caucus of Liberal members of the senate and House of Commons the reciprocity resolution brought before the House of Commons by William Duff (Lib., Antigonish-Guysboro) was endorsed.

The action of the Liberal parliamentarians followed a debate in the House of Commons, in which Premier R. B. Bennett stated the government was ready to enter into a reciprocal trade agreement, but expressed his belief the present was not an opportune time to launch negotiations.

The only definite immediate result of the Liberal caucus decision as seen in parliamentary circles is that Mr. Duff's resolution will not be withdrawn, as Mr. Bennett suggested. It will be made the subject of further debate and, if time permits before private members' periods are cut off, will be forced to a vote.

New York.—A special Washington dispatch printed in the New York Times says Henry Morgenthau, 2nd, close counsel of President-Elect Franklin Roosevelt, made a recent visit to Ottawa, and it links the visit with present talk in Ottawa of trade reciprocity between the Dominion and the United States.

The dispatch declares the American president-elect sent Mr. Morgenthau, then, son of the former American ambassador to Turkey, to Ottawa for the express purpose of ascertaining prospects for working out a reciprocal tariff understanding. It does not state, however, which Ottawa officials, if any, were interviewed by the emissary.

A NEW WORLD'S RECORD

FINANCE MINISTER ILL

Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Canadian Minister of Finance, who took up his duties at Ottawa ten days ago against the advice of his medical advisers, has been again forced to relinquish his duties owing to ill-health.

This means that the Prime Minister may have to prepare the 1933-34 budget.



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Mystery Over Prisoner Disturbs British Office

Members Seek Facts About Officer Confined In Tower

London, Eng.—The House of Commons took on a medieval flavor as the members haggled the government over the mystery of the officer in the Tower of London.

Laborites and Conservatives alike showed questions as to the circumstances surrounding the imprisonment of Lieut. N. Hall-Stewart, of the South Hampshire, who will probably face a court-martial early this month, on unspecified charges relating to the violation of the Official Secrets Act.

G. Buchanan, Clyde-side left-winger, demanded to know why he was not allowed the prisoner, while Winston Churchill joined in the general interrogation by questioning why it was not possible to detain an officer under arrest in Aldershot.

Duff Cooper, financial secretary to the war office, stated the charge against the officer was that of offence under the Official Secrets Act and he would probably face a general court-martial early in March.

"He is detained in the tower," continued the government spokesman, "because it is the most convenient military establishment for that purpose."

"He is under no compulsion to take exercise at a time when he can be seen by the general public," replied Mr. Cooper.

Coal Bonus Continued

Ottawa, Ont.—Federal assistance in the movement of Canadian coal will be continued at least until the end of the fiscal year of 1933-34, Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Mines, told the House. The estimate this year is \$250,000 greater than last year because of the extra movements of coal under the subventions agreement.

Ask Aid From Dominions

London, Eng.—Thorough belief in the future of the British Empire and the wish that the Dominions and colonies would help the United Kingdom were expressed at the luncheon of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce by Lord Derby.

A NEW WORLD'S RECORD

The "Bluebird II," which covered the course at Daytona Beach, set up a new mark of 272 miles per hour. Extensive alterations were made to the "Bluebird" to greatly increase its power.



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Eminent Lawyer Dead

John S. Ewart, K.C., Started Practice Of Profession In Winnipeg

Ottawa, Ont.—Death has closed the long career of John S. Ewart, K.C., one of Canada's most eminent constitutional authorities, distinguished lawyer and author. He was 85 years old and had been ill since new year's, when he suffered a heart attack.

Mr. Ewart was widely known for his championship of the cause of Canadian autonomy. He held the view this country should be an independent nation long before the present Dominion status within the empire was defined.

Born and educated in Toronto, Mr. Ewart went west after he was called to the bar and after practicing his profession with success in Winnipeg, came to Ottawa to carry on an extensive supreme court practice.

He was the author of several authoritative legal text books and of many essays, articles and pamphlets on constitutional, political and historical subjects.

Appeal Of Colombia

League Of NationsTRIES To Find Means Of Settlement For Amazon Conflict

Geneva, Switzerland.—The council of the League of Nations today heard the appeal of Colombia for intervention by the League against Peru's "aggression," undertook to find a just and equitable settlement for the conflict on the upper Amazon.

A committee of three was instructed to study the problem and through consultation with Colombian and Peruvian representatives seek a solution upon a basis of conciliation as provided by the League covenant.

CAMPBELL SETS A NEW WORLD SPEED MARK

Daytona Beach, Fla.—Great Britain's dominance in the realm of speed was skyrocketed to new heights by Sir Malcolm Campbell in a daring race against time along the ocean speedway here.

In two blistering runs over the 1 1/2-mile track, the 48-year-old Scot streaked to a new world automobile speed mark of 272.749 miles an hour over a measured mile route to climax a quarter of a century of record-smashing achievements.

He also established a new record of 272.643 miles an hour over one kilometre on the same trials, and 257.299 over a five-kilometre course.

Driving a long streamlined "Bluebird car, equipped with a 2,500-horsepower airplane motor, Sir Malcolm plied 94 of a second off his own mark, and increased the mark by 18.140 miles an hour.

On his first run the British driver attained the astounding speed of 272.556 miles an hour as he roared over the beach, paralleled on one side by a pounding surf and on the other by a regular stand of dunes from which thousands of spectators looked on. His time for the mile on that run was 13.16 seconds. His second trial, made in the opposite direction, was clocked at 13.30 seconds for a speed of 270.676 miles an hour.

Returning to the grandstand after his trials to be greeted by cheering spectators, Sir Malcolm characterized his race as "the worst ride I ever had in my life." He was forced to stop because of the bouncing car over the course with only one hand, as he had injured the other a week ago in making repairs to the machine.

Sir Malcolm covered the kilometre, which is approximately five-eighths of a mile, in 8.16 seconds for a speed of 273.643 miles an hour on his first run. On his second run over that distance he was clocked at 8.24 seconds for a speed of 271.472 miles an hour. The kilometre was marked off inside the measured official mile.

In setting up a new record for five kilometres, Sir Malcolm attained a two-way average speed of 257.299. His previous record for that distance, established here last year was 247.941. Following his spectacular race, Sir Malcolm indicated he would not make another attempt to beat his newly-established record.

He said he could not race again so long as his sprained arm was painful, and he expressed a desire to go to New York as soon as possible to sail for England.

Sir Malcolm said he was satisfied with the performance of his car under the most difficult conditions, but he was confident that, given a better beach and good visibility, he could place the record much higher.

BILL TO LOWER FREIGHT RATES IS DEFEATED

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons turned down a bill designed to lower freight rates on grain moving westward from prairie points. By a vote of 97 to 56 the measure was defeated.

The bill, introduced by Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways, said the four western provinces had agreed to the spread between export and domestic rates on feed grain.

The measure was sponsored by Thomas Reid (Lib., New Westminster), who claimed discrimination was being shown against British Columbia in grain rates.

The four western provinces, said the railway minister, had agreed to a proposal, first discussed at the Dominion provincial conference, to reduce grain rates. He suggested there be no action on the Reid bill until this had been settled.

Conservative opposition led by the Reid bill and were joined by two Laborites, A. A. Hince, Winnipeg, and Humphrey Mitchell, Hamilton. The bill was defeated by a vote of 97 to 56.

Dr. Manion, Minister of Railways, expressed surprise the member for Ontario suggested the amendment. He said the amendment was a bill to a vote after the amendment by the minister that a temporary rate agreement had been reached, satisfactory to the governments of the four western provinces.

Enfranchising Indians

Opposition Is Encountered At Ottawa Over Proposal

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. T. G. Murphy, head of the Indian Department, raised a storm of protest in the House of Commons when he proposed changes in the manner of enfranchising Indians. Opposition members claimed he was seeking power to convert Indians to become naturalized Canadians.

An amendment to the Indian Act was proposed empowering the superintendent of Indian Affairs to appoint a board which, after inquiry might report on the fitness of any Indian to be enfranchised.

The clause he proposed provided that action must be preceded by the application of an Indian, or a band of Indians, following a majority vote of the band.

Mr. Murphy said there are in Canada many Indians who should accept the full responsibilities of citizenship. He gave an instance of an Indian who was engaged in manufacturing, but who sought to evade the sales tax on his goods. The government was a ward of the government. The bill proposed to give the superintendent-general power to deal with such cases.

Advocate More Spending

Crusade In Britain To Spend For Unemployment

London, Eng.—British municipality after municipality has joined a crusade to spend more. Streets in Faddington are hung with streamers "Spend for Unemployment." Posters remind the over-thirty that "idle means people idle hands," that "when someone stops buying someone stops making."

"We have in my view," says Sir Arthur Salter, former director of the League of Nations economic section, "gone much too far in discouraging useful capital expenditure by local authorities. Our finances and our credit are now in a better position than that of any other great country."

Scots Honor Dead

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion's 62,000 Boy Scouts and 30,000 Girl Guides on Feb. 22, maintained the Canadian link of the unique world chain of lampposts, which annually celebrate the joint birthday of Lord and Lady Baden-Powell, respective heads of scout organizations throughout the world.

Asks For Correspondence

Ottawa, Ont.—George Coote, United Farmer member for Macleod, asks all correspondence passed between the province of Alberta and the Dominion Government relating to the failure of the City of Calgary to pay New York premiums on a bond issue to sail for England.

In Germany, sugar—both for cattle feed and for the human consumption—is produced on a commercial scale from wood waste.

Champion Groceteria

EXTRA SPECIAL

Fancy Winter Bananas Apples, per case, only **\$1.25**

Wagner Cooking Apples, per case.....	\$1.15
Rip's Field Tomatoes, per lb.....	30c
Cañiflower, per head.....	30c
House Browns, finest quality, each.....	75c
Red Rose Coffee, 1 lb. tins, each.....	40c

Our Popular Bulk Coffee, that has made such a decided hit in this community, still sells for 30c per lb. If you haven't tried it yet, try it now.

E. LATIFF

Phone 14

BACK OF EVERY COMFORTABLE UNWORRIED FAMILY Stands Someone's Careful Thought for the Future WHAT you GET.

1. A Retirement Income for Yourself
2. A Guaranteed Income for your Family
3. Money to leave Your Home Clear of Debt
4. Money for Emergencies
5. An Income for your Daughter, Independent of her Husband
6. Money to send your son to College
7. An Income for Yourself in case you are Disabled
8. Money for Other Needs

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—Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels—

HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates: From \$2.00

Free Garage -- Coffee Shop
HOTEL ST. REGIS

RATES: \$1.00 and \$1.50

Weekly and Monthly Rates

Strip Farming Is What We Need

The dust storms of the past week have brought to fore the matter of strip farming in this vicinity, drifting was previously nil, while banks of drift soil were to be found along the fence lines and in the ditches bordering large tracts of summerfallow. When the heavy caused by the soil drifting is realized we would be inclined to agree with the article in the Lethbridge Herald that stated that strip farming should be compulsory.

A meeting of the Champion Literary Society will be held on Friday March 4th at 2:30, in the United Church. The special feature will be a debate the resolution being, "Resolved that compulsory military training should be adopted in Canada." Everybody welcome. Silver collection.

Severe Dust Storm

The snow on Tuesday night allowed the housekeepers to enjoy a rest after a week of continuous dust. It is doubtful if a worse dust storm has been experienced here, that is for penetration and length of time it continued. Generally speaking a storm was in demand, but what was looked for was precipitation from the skies, not from summerfallows.

Proud Father—Don't you think it's about time the baby learned to say "papa."

Mother—Oh, no, I hadn't intended telling him who you are until he becomes a little stronger.

Protect Yourself

That Merchandise and cash buying class, commonly known as the Lethbridge Gentry have paid another visit to our fair Village. Why not part with a ten spot and be fully reimbursed for your loss in case these fellows decide to make your next best?

ED. FISHER

"Listen, Son:

I am saying this to you as you lie asleep, one little paw crumpled under your cheek and the curls sticky with your damp forehead. I have stolen into your room alone. Just a few minutes ago, as I sat reading my paper in the library, a hot, stifling wave of remorse swept over me. I could not resist it. I finally came to your bedside.

"These are the things I was thinking of," I had been criss to you, soiled you as you were dressing for school because you gave your face money a wash on the table. You told me to look for not cleaning your shoes. I called out angrily when I found you had thrown some of your things on the floor. At breakfast I found fault, too. You spat things. You gulped down your food. You put your elbows on the table. You spread butter too thick on your bread. And as you started off to play and I made for my train, you turned and waved a little hand and called, "Good-bye, Daddy," and I frowned, and said in reply, "Hold your shoulders back!"

"Then it's again all over again in the later afternoon. As I come up the hill road I spied you down on your knees playing marbles. There were holes in your stockings. I humiliated you before your boy friends by making you march ahead of me back to the house. Stockings were expensive and if you had to buy them you would be more careful. Imagine that, son, from a father. It was such stupid, silly logic.

"Do you remember later when I was reading in the library, how you came in, softly, timidly, with a sort of hurt, hunted look in your eyes? When I glanced up over my paper, imp-tent at the interruption, you hesitated as the door. 'What is it you want?' I snapped. 'You said nothing, but ran across, in our trumpet-sonic plunge and threw your arms around my neck and kissed me,' again and again, and your small arms tightened with an affection that God had not bestowed in your heart and which even neglect could not wither. And then you were gone, patting up the stairs.

"Well, son, it was shortly afterwards that my paper slipped from my hands, and a terrible sickening fear came over me. Suddenly I saw myself as I really was, in all my horrible selfishness, and I felt sick at heart. What has habit been doing to me? The habit of complaining, of finding fault, or representing, all of these were my rewards to you for being a boy. It was not that I did not love you; it was that I expected so much of you. It was measuring you by the yardstick of my own years.

"And there was so much that was good, and fine, and true in your character. You did not deserve my treatment of you, son. The little heart of you was as big as the dawn itself over the wide hills. All this was shown by your spontaneous impulse to rush in and kiss me good-night. Nothing else matters tonight, son. I have come to your bedside in the darkness, and I have knelt there, choking with emotion, and so ashamed.

"It is a feeble atonement, I know you would not understand these things if I told them to you during your waking hours, yet I must say what I am saying. I must burn sacrificial fires, alone, here in your bedroom, and make true confession. And I have prayed God to strengthen me in my new resolve. Tomorrow I will be a real daddy. I will climb with you, and suffer when you suffer and laugh when you laugh. I will bite my tongue when impatient words come. I will keep saying as it were a ritual: 'Here is nothing but a boy, a little boy.'

"I am afraid I have visualized you as a man. Yet as I see you now, son, crumpled and weary in your cot, I see that you are still a baby. Yesterday you were in your mother's arms, your head on her shoulder. I have asked too much, too much.

"Dear Boy, Dear little son, a penitent kneels at your infant shrine, here in the moonlight. I kiss the little fingers and the damp forehead and the yellow cut. Tears came, and heartache and remorse, and also a greater, deeper love, when you ran through the library door and wanted to kiss me."

"I do not know of a better shrine before which a father or mother may kneel or stand than that of a sleeping child. I do not know of a holier temple where one is more likely to come into close touch with all that is infinitely good, where one may come nearer to seeing and feeling God."

"I am passing this 'confession' along to the fathers who may be privileged to read it, not for the benefit of all the little 'fellows', the growing, earth-blessed little Georgies and Bobs and Marys, Elizabeths and Jacks of this very good world of ours.

A man is like an egg—if kept continuously in hot water he will become hard-boiled.

Another Week of Wonderful Bargains

PLAID BLANKETS, large sizes, in Gold, Blue, Pink and Helio, Special, Each... **\$1.15**

BLEACHED SHEETING, 81 inch, Heavy Quality, made by Wabasso, per yard..... **49c**

FAST COLOR CRETONNE, 36 inch, in bright and dark colors, Special, per yard..... **26c**

MEN'S HEAVY DOESKIN SHIRTS Wind Proof, ideal spring wear, made by G.W.G. Navy, Sant, Green, Cardinal **\$1.98**

MEN'S DRESS SOCKS, Fancy Rayon in Blue and Fawn shades, per pair..... **26c**

MEN'S HEAVY CANVAS GLOVES Per Pair..... **15c**

MOOSE HIDE GLOVES, Dome Fastener Cuff, Watsons, per pr. **79c**

To Every Customer

Ticket Given Free with every 25c Purchase of Merchandise made in this Store. To apply on 23 piece Hand Painted CHINA TEA SET. SAVE your TICKETS

PINK SALMON, tall tins, each 10c

PILCHARDS, tall cans, each... 10c

CHICKEN HADDIE, Choice, Tender Fish, per lb. can..... 15c

BRUNSWICK SARDINES, ea. 05c

RED SOCKEYE SALMON, 1-2 lb. tins, each..... 19c

COVE OYSTERS, 8 oz. cans. 29c

Here is a Big Bargain! BROOMS made of very fine straw, will give lots of wear, ea. **26c**

MAYFIELD TOBACCO, in 1-2 lb. cans, Fine or Coarse cut, Regular 75c, Special. **59c**

FRESH HEAD LETTUCE, ea. 10c

B.C. ONIONS, 5 lbs..... 13c

REIDELL'S HONEY, 5 lb..... 29c

We Pay Higher Prices for Farm Produce

McCullough Bros.



Elks Attention!

The next regular meeting of the Beneficent and Protective Order of Elks will be held in the Community Hall on Tuesday March 7, 8:30 o'clock.

Your attendance will be appreciated
H. E. GILL, Secretary

Attention

O. O. R. P.

The next regular meeting of the O. O. R. P. will be held in the Community Hall on Tuesday evening, Mar. 7, 8:30 o'clock. A good attendance would be appreciated.

MAUD FREEZE, Secretary

Strayed

Boy lost with wire cut on hind leg coming 2 years old and Bay Mare weighing about 1100 with white stripe on forehead. Call at Chronicle office or see Carl Iverson.

Wanted

Veterinary work—Via Horses Teeth—Apply, A. B. Helgesen, Veterinary.

For Sale

Revenue grass for seed, 5c cleaned and 7c uncleaned. Government field in special certified seed—Apply to M. J. Street, phone 1807.

For Sale

Two Turkey Gobblers, also Singer Sewing machine. Apply to Al. Miller.

FOR \$1.40 will ship you 10 lbs. choice seed tobacco, mild or strong—\$20 the bag. Agents wanted. Dubois, 18 Henderson, Ottawa.

Frank Caldwell says he is sure of seeing the "Nut Farm" by gum as he has been saving for this event for the last three months.



Champion Dramatic Society Presents

"The Nut Farm" Friday March 3rd

A Comedy in Three Acts
By JOHN C. BROWNELL
CHARACTERS

MRS. BANTON	Miss M. Cameron
WILLIE BANTON	R. F. Cool
ROBERT HUNT	J. D. Henderson
ERNA SLICOMB	M. F. Hamilton
HARRY BENT	Miss M. Cook
ANASTA SLICOMB	Miss M. Peth
HAMILTON T. HOLLAND	G. M. Campbell
J. CLARENCE BIDDLEFORD	Don Campbell
MARSHALL VAN HORTON	Edwin Fisher
HELEN	Miss A. Williamson

SYNOPSIS OF SCENES

- ACT I. Living room in the Bent House. Late afternoon. "The Sowing"
- ACT II. The same. Three hours later. (Note: The Curtain will be lowered for a few seconds in Act II to denote the passing of two hours.)
- ACT III. The same. One month later. "The Harvest"
- TIME: The Present. PLACE: Southern California. (Produced by special arrangement with Samuel French, of New York.)